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PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—other Iron medicines do.

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Nitrous-oxide, or laughing gas used for the painless extraction of teeth. Office on Court Street.

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will practice in the courts of Mason and adjoining counties, the Superior Court and Court of Appeals. Special attention given to Collections and to Real Estate. Court street, Maysville, Ky.

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Ice Cream and Soda Water a specialty. Fresh Bread and Cakes made daily and delivered to any part of the city. Parties and weddings furnished on short notice. No. 25 Second street.

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Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Celery, Canned Goods, &c. Norfolk Oysters received every twenty-four hours.

REMOVAL.

Henry Mergard has removed his Merchant Tailoring establishment to Second street, next door to G. W. Giesel's grocery store.

Call and examine my samples of Foreign and Domestic Goods from the large wholesale houses of New York. Suits made to order on more reasonable terms than any other house in the city, and fit guaranteed.

WEAK, UNDEVELOPED PARTS
Of the body enlarged and strengthened. Full particulars sent sealed free. E. R. MED. CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

OUR WASHINGTON NEWS.

THE PRESIDENT NOT TO TAKE AN EXTENDED TRIP.

We Will Only go to St. Louis in the Fall, Making Several Stops on the Way—Agent of the French Government Inspecting Our Machinery—Other National Notes.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—It is not true, as reported, that President Cleveland contemplates an extended tour through the west in the course of which he will consent to be the principal attraction at sundry county fairs and other bucolic diversions. It is probable that the president will spend a fortnight in the summer hunting in the Adirondacks.

In September he will attend the Grand Army celebration in St. Louis, stopping a few hours en route at Cincinnati, and possibly at Louisville. He will leave St. Louis for Omaha, where he may spend half a day. It is not improbable that another day may be spent in Chicago. If his brief vacation will permit, the president will likely extend his trip to Madison, Wis., the home of Postmaster General Vilas. On the return trip he may stop over a few hours at several places between Chicago and Washington.

Senatorial Elections Not Complete.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—It appears that the senatorial elections are not yet complete. There is a squabble in West Virginia over the election of Senator Camden's successor. The governor, it is understood, will refuse a certificate of election to Charles J. Faulkner who was recently chosen senator by a special session of the legislature. Mr. Lucas, who was appointed by the governor to fill the vacancy, contends that the election of Mr. Faulkner is void, being contrary to the constitution of the state. It is also understood that determined opposition will be made to the seating of the new Democratic senator from Indiana, on the ground of irregular proceedings and that opposition to Senator Hearst, of California, will also be made.

Inspecting Machinery.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Victor Delahaye, of Paris, is in Washington inspecting machinery models in the patent office, and says he was sent here by the French government. The machinists in his country conceived the idea of organizing an immense co-operative machine factory and have asked the French government for a loan of 6,000,000 francs to aid them in the undertaking. "If what the syndicate wants in the way of machinery is found here," Mr. Delahaye says, "part of the money will go to American inventors."

Only Sixteen Indians on the War Path. WASHINGTON, June 15.—Gen. Howard has informed the war department that only sixteen Apache warriors have left the San Carlos agency, and that the others are not in sympathy with them.

Naval Academy Affairs.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The naval academy visitors have recommended that thirteen inefficient cadets be dropped and four re-examined.

Vermont's Attorney.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The president has appointed Clarence H. Pitkin, of Vermont, to be United States attorney for Vermont.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

Desperate Attempt at Self-Destruction in the Cincinnati Workhouse.

CINCINNATI, June 15.—Robert Weldy, aged twenty-one, residing at Dayton, Ky., was arrested by Officer Burleson on May 16 last after a desperate struggle in which the officer's hand was badly cut. Next morning he pleaded guilty in the police court to the charge of drunkenness and was sent to the workhouse for thirty days and \$50. His term would expire August 13. This was the tenth time he had been sent out. Twice before he cut persons with whom he had trouble, and was recognized by the police as one of the most dangerous men in the West End, being a pal of Joe Dutch. Since his incarceration this time he has been employed in the sewing machine shops.

This morning when the cells were unlocked to let the prisoners out to breakfast, Guard Ahlering found Weldy lying on his cot, with blood running from a ghastly wound in his throat. His bed clothes were saturated with gore, and an old, rusty, nicked-edge razor on the floor explained at a glance the modus operandi of the attempt at suicide. It was found that the flesh of his throat had been horribly mangled, but that the jugular vein had not been reached. The windpipe was severed slightly, but not enough to render the wound necessarily fatal. He was immediately removed to the city hospital.

Is Beer Spirituous Liquor?

RALEIGH, N. C., June 15.—Richard Giersch, a liquor dealer in this city, was arrested on Saturday last upon the charge of selling beer in violation of the local option law, which prohibits the sale of "spirituous liquors." He sued out a writ of habeas corpus upon which he had a hearing yesterday afternoon before the full bench of the supreme court. Counsel for Giersch argued that beer and wine are not "spirituous liquors" within the meaning of the law, and that consequently Giersch should be discharged. As the law applies to all places where the sale of liquor has been prohibited by "local option," the decision of the court upon the question raised is looked for with much interest.

Henry George Talks.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Henry George, when asked last night about the rumor that he and Dr. McGlynn would run for the state senate, said it was the first he had heard of the plan. He had never talked about it or even thought of it, and he felt sure Dr. McGlynn had not. He did not think that either would hesitate to accept the offices if tendered, but he thought there would be no necessity for their becoming candidates. The United Labor party, however, would certainly introduce a bill in the next legislature to abolish all taxes except those on land. By next year many prominent and able men would come out for their doctrines and work with them.

No Local Government Bill.

LONDON, June 15.—The Standard this morning says the government will not introduce a local government bill during the present session of parliament.

CHANDLER ELECTED.

Both Houses of the New Hampshire Legislature Ballot for Senator.



WILLIAM E. CHANDLER.

CONCORD, N. H., June 15.—The senate voted for United States senator this morning, every member being present, the ballot resulted as follows: Harry Bingham, Democrat, 9; William Chandler, Republican, 15. The house voted at 12:05. There was a large crowd present. The balloting proceeded quietly, each man's vote being watched with much interest. The result was as follows: Simon G. Griffin, 1; Joseph Wentworth, 1; Gilman Marston, 4; Harry Bingham, 136; William E. Chandler, 165.

Mr. Chandler having a majority of the votes the speaker declared that he was the choice. The vote for Mr. Wentworth was given by Mr. Todd, an Independent, and that for Gen. Griffin by Mr. Young, of Rochester, a Knight of Labor, and those for Marston by Democrats. All the Republicans were present and voted for Chandler. Mr. Gould, Democrat, was the only absentee. There having been a majority for Mr. Chandler in the senate as well as in this house, he is elected for the unexpired term.

PANIC IN WHEAT.

A Big Break in the Chicago Market and One Failure Reported.

CHICAGO, June 15.—There was a widely exciting time on the board of trade this morning. In less than five minutes from the opening, July wheat had made a decline of three cents. It opened at eighty-three and three-fourths, and went down to eighty and three-fourths. Immense quantities were unloaded on the crowd, and brokers were offering the stuff from all sides of the pit. It was a concerted bear movement to all appearances, which the clique was not prepared to meet. At eighty and three-fourths cents, July found some sustaining orders and half an hour after the opening it had reacted from eighty and three-fourths to eighty-one and one-fourth, and was more steady.

The panic in the wheat pit on the board of trade was renewed this afternoon. The giant wheat clique is utterly demoralized, and is said to have gone broke on today's sensational drop in prices.

Moritz, Rosenfeld & Co., one of the clique houses, said: "This wheat clique has not kept its engagements and we will have to suspend." Ten minutes later their failure was announced on the board. It is feared that a number of other houses will go to the wall.

Wheat declined for June from ninety-two cents to seventy-five cents, a decline of seventeen cents per bushel.

Actresses Get Five Cents Damages.

CHICAGO, June 15.—Judge Gary yesterday gave judgment for five cents in favor of the three St. Felix sisters and against Mrs. Sophia W. Knight, wife of George S. Knight, the comedian. The sisters were employed in their dramatic capacity in "Over the Garden Wall." Their contract required them to dress well on and off the stage, and conduct themselves like ladies. The agreement was for thirty weeks at \$140 a week for the three. After being paid for twenty-seven weeks Mrs. Knight discharged them, and they sued to recover for three weeks' salary. Judge Gary said the evidence all showed that the girls did not behave like ladies as their contract required. The sisters were allowed five cents damages to save costs. They appealed.

Blew Out the Gas.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Thomas Bevans, aged fifty-five years, and his wife, from Denver, Col., guests of the Occidental hotel, in the Bowery, were discovered in their room this morning unconscious and all but smothered with gas. They had apparently blown out the gas instead of turning it off when retiring. They were removed to St. Vincent's hospital and energetic measures taken to revive them. It is probable they will recover. The Bevans were on their way to Europe. They are quiet farming folk, and stopped in the city for a day or two to see the sights.

Lucky Baldwin Sick.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 15.—The case of Miss Perkins against "Lucky" Baldwin for breach of promise was called yesterday in the superior court. Mr. Baldwin's counsel submitted affidavits from physicians of St. Louis that Baldwin is there sick, confined to his room, and if he should attempt to travel the trip would cost him his life. The case was continued to next Monday.

Returning Battle Flags.

AUSTIN, Tex., June 15.—Governor Ross has received a letter from the adjutant general of the United States army, making a tender of the battle flags belonging to volunteer organizations of the state of Texas now in the custody of the war department.

A Desperado's Escape.

NEWARK, O., June 15.—Oliver Baird, a desperado of the worst sort, was sentenced to prison for resisting an officer. His sentence being twenty days and \$14 fine. He started quietly back, but suddenly shot through a door and escaped.

Revenue Law Violators Arrested.

DANVILLE, Ky., June 15.—Joe Goins and Jim Gaines were arrested and held over to the session of the Federal court yesterday for violating the internal revenue law.

EMPLOYER AND EMPLOYEE.

LABOR TROUBLES DISCUSSED BY A CHICAGO POLITICAL CLUB.

Considering the Present Labor Troubles in Chicago and Elsewhere—All Classes Evidently Thoroughly Aroused Over the Situation—Other Labor Items.

CHICAGO, June 15.—The political committee of the Union League club held a meeting last night for the purpose of considering the present labor troubles here and elsewhere, with a view, if deemed feasible, of inaugurating a movement whose object should be to harmonize "existing and imaginary differences between employers and employees." The club took no action as a club, and did not discuss the subject as such, the matter being wholly in the hands of the political committee.

Pliny Smith addressed the meeting at some length. He advocated the restoration and re-establishment of all rights of citizenship guaranteed by the constitution of the United States, and the maintenance of the supremacy of the law throughout the land. The vital question of the day should be met, he thought, and settled. Mr. Smith's remarks were applauded, and one or two other short addresses were made to about the same effect. The only action taken was the adoption of a resolution that a circular setting forth the status of the labor troubles be mailed to citizens for signature. When a sufficient number of signatures have been obtained, a public meeting is to be called.

There are not as many bricklayers leaving the city now as when the lookout was inaugurated, and for the same reason that keeps bricklayers out of this city. When the union here raised its initiation fee to \$25 for the purpose of keeping bricklayers out of Chicago they did not think, probably, that other cities would follow their example. Those bricklayers who went from here to Milwaukee, Kansas City and Omaha were shocked on reaching those cities to find that they would not be allowed to work by the unions until they paid their initiation fee. As all those who went away intend to return when the trouble here is settled, they did not like to pay \$10 or \$25 into a union to whose membership they may belong not more than a week or two. The unions of the cities named refused to change their constitution to accommodate the Chicago visitors. Several bricklayers who left here a week or two ago have returned, as, being unable to pay the fee the union required, they could get no work.

Muddled Accounts in 49.

NEW YORK, June 15.—The Sunday afternoon sessions of District Assembly 49, Knights of Labor, are prolonged far into the night nowadays. The auditing committee, of which Michael A. Hanley is chairman, was to report last Sunday, but did not, and instead two of the committee handed in their resignations. The delegates were at loss to know what it all meant. The two committeemen made speeches that puzzled them. The delegates tried to unravel things yesterday when their heads were cool. They made out that the building fund was short \$5,000, and that the shortage was unlike the shortage of \$5,700 in the assistance fund, because while that, it was said, had gone into the general maintenance fund, it was hard to account for the \$5,000 shortage. The two committeemen said that the accounts were so muddled that no one could make head or tail out of them, and they did not care to append their names to a report.

No Chances of a Settlement.

NEW YORK, June 15.—All attempts at a settlement of the silverworkers' lockout having failed. It is now feared by those who wished to see a peaceful termination of the quarrel that hostilities will be renewed by both sides with greater bitterness than ever before. The trouble began the first week in March. The project which was recently discussed to establish a co-operative factory may be put in practical operation in a few days.

Discussing the Wage Scale.

PITTSBURGH, June 15.—The Amalgamated convention occupied the day discussing the wage scale. They expect to get through with it to-morrow and have a conference with the manufacturers Thursday.

Returned to Work.

TAUNTON, Mass., June 15.—About a dozen striking dyers, at the Whittenton mills, have returned to work, and the mills were started up.

Spinners Strike.

FALL RIVER, Mass., June 15.—Between fifty and sixty ring spinners at the Granite mills, struck on account of bad work and low wages.

Mine Inspectors Appointed.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., June 15.—At the last session of the legislature of this state a law was enacted providing for and instructing the governor to appoint two mine inspectors for the state, which he divided into two districts, and in conforming to the law Governor Wilson to-day appointed Henry Cunningham, of Mineral county, inspector for the first mining district, and H. J. Tucker, of Fayette county, for the second.

George and McGlynn in Politics.

NEW YORK, June 15.—The belief is gaining ground that Henry George and Dr. McGlynn will run for the state senate at the next election, in the districts now represented by Senators Cullen and Henry. Bannan, naming them for these will, it is said, be carried in the great McGlynn parade next Saturday. The people of St. Stephens' parish are earnestly promoting the plan.

DAVENPORT, Iowa, June 15.—News has been received of the death in Santa Fe, N. M., of James Thorington, of this city. He was a member of congress from 1855 to 1859, and United States consul at Aspinwall from 1871 to 1882. Previous to that he held many political trusts of a local nature. He was seventy-one years of age and leaves five children.

Death of a Probate Judge.

TIFFIN, O., June 15.—Hon. Harrison Noble, probate judge of Seneca county, died at 7 this morning, aged sixty-one. He had been mayor, solicitor, infirmary director, and filled many other offices. Governor Foraker will appoint his successor at once.

MYSTERIOUS MURDER.

A Farmer's Wife Horribly Butchered—Her Son Suspected of the Crime.

EATON, O., June 15.—At no time since the Christmas murder has the community been so excited as now over the mysterious and brutal murder of Mrs. W. T. Beall, aged fifty, wife of a prominent farmer near here. The woman was found lying in the front room with two pistol wounds in her head, which was also cut in two from front to back. Two revolvers, a large and a small one, were found by her side, and an old ax newly sharpened. The circumstances of the crime as near as can be given are as follows: Mr. Beall and his daughter went to town on business yesterday morning. At that time the hired man was plowing in a field, Mrs. Beall sewing carpet rags in the front room, and John, the twelve-year-old son, asleep on the floor at her side. Here the mystery begins. About 5 o'clock, the boy says, he was awakened suddenly by pistol shots; saw three heavy-set tramps in the room, and then fled to give the alarm.

But circumstantial evidence does not seem to substantiate the facts. In the first place the pistols used belonged to the house, and were kept in places that a stranger would be unfamiliar with. The ax was an old one, and was kept in the tool house. Furthermore, the door was locked from the inside, a very unusual occurrence for that time of day. The shots, several of which went wide of the mark, appeared to have been fired at the lady by some one lying on the floor. There are evidences of a desperate struggle about the room. Blood was found on John's clothing, on his hands and in his ear. This fact, coupled with the boy's stoical indifference and the fact that he had a quarrel with his mother in the morning, make things look rather bad for the lad. He washed his hands in a creek near the house, and explains that by saying the gnats bothered him, his hands being covered with blood. That the boy coolly murdered his mother is one theory. Another theory is that three tramps gained entrance to the house, locked the door on the inside, secured the pistols while burglarizing the upstairs, and then criminally assaulted the woman and drove the boy from the house. Mrs. Beall resisted and was shot.

Making Game of a Newsboy.

CHICAGO, June 15.—George Seaman and Percy Field were playing with a rifle in front of their house yesterday, when Arthur Moon, a newsboy, came along crying his papers. It struck the two playmates that a shot at this boy would be lots of fun, so Percy drew bead with such success as to bury a bullet in the pocket of papers, the target, carried at his side. The newsboy dropped his papers and came over to investigate. It was George's turn and he fired. The newsboy stopped abruptly, and then sank in a heap on the street. Policemen, attracted by the shooting, came up and found the newsboy suffering with a deep and ugly wound in his right thigh. The two gunners fled, and the police are still after them.

Curtailling Whisky Production.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 15.—At a meeting of the wholesale liquor dealers of this city the following resolution was adopted: That this meeting indorses the action of the distillers' meeting held at the Galt house, June 8 and 9, in not making any whisky from July 1, 1887, to July 1, 1888, and we recommend to the trade not to buy any whisky made between these dates; and, further, we, the wholesale dealers of Louisville, agree not to purchase any whisky distilled between above dates from distillers who decline to sustain the action of the majority of the distillers of the state, and we recommend concurrent action among dealers in other cities.

Chances for the Condemned Anarchists.

CHICAGO, June 15.—Albert Parsons, the condemned Anarchist, denies the published report that in a recent interview he expressed the belief that he would have to walk the plank. He says that on the contrary he and his fellow prisoners have a very strong belief, which nothing can shake, that the supreme court will quash the conviction and remand the case for another trial. The convicted men are greatly elated at the recent declaration of States Attorney Grinnell, that it would be impossible to put the case on trial again, on account of the removal of material witnesses, and the probable inability to secure a jury.

Another Bridge-Jumper.

CINCINNATI, June 15.—William Maloney, aged twenty-six, living at 27 East Pearl street, dived headforemost from the middle span of the suspension bridge to the river, eighty feet, at 7:30 p. m. yesterday. After striking the water he started to swim to the Kentucky shore, but was picked up by a boat and handed over to the police. Later he complained of a pain in his back, but at the hospital was found to be only slightly injured. He is a glove-maker by trade, a daring swimmer, and made the leap for glory.

Prolonged Indian War Probable.

TUCSON, A. T., June 15.—Gen. Miles arrived here last night, to take personal charge of the Indian campaign, as there is every indication of a prolonged war. Suspicion has long pointed to the Indian settlers on the San Pedro reservation as being abettors of the San Carlos renegades, and this fact seems now to be established. The former have kept the hostiles informed as to the movements of the troops, and have also furnished them with horses to aid them in escaping their pursuits.

Serious Runaway Accident.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., June 15.—Joseph Duffy, a prominent farmer, residing near Grear, Warrick county, while returning home from Elberfield last night with his wife, met with a serious accident. His team, a spirited pair of horses, became frightened and ran away, throwing Mr. and Mrs. Duffy out of the wagon. He was seriously injured, while his wife was fatally hurt by being thrown against a tree. Her back was broken, and she is now thought to be dying.

Knights of Pythias Demonstration.

BRAZIL, Ind., June 15.—Yesterday twelve lodges of Knights of Pythias, representing Clay, Vigo and Parke counties, participated in a picnic here. Fifteen hundred knights marched in parade. They were addressed by Hon. J. M. Bloomer, of Toledo, and B. C. W. Patterson, of Illinois, who urged chiefly organization. The demonstration was the largest of the kind ever held here.

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & MCCARTHY,
Proprietors.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.
THE DAILY BULLETIN will be delivered to any part of the city at 6 cents a week, or one year for \$3.
THE DAILY BULLETIN to any postoffice in the United States, postage prepaid, at twenty-five cents per month or three dollars per year.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 15, 1887.

The beer trade in Lexington is estimated to be worth \$40,000 a year, and the Frankfort and Cincinnati brewers are fighting over it.

The record in the pension business made by the present Democratic administration ought to satisfy the most loyal G. A. R. post in the country.

Fifty thousand new names have been added to the pension list the past year, and this is a Democratic administration too. No Republican administration has ever done better by the soldiers, with probably one exception.

PREPARATIONS are being made at Washington to consolidate twenty-two collection districts, which will cut off one hundred and seventy-six salaried officers, and save the people about \$100,000 a year. This is retrenchment and reform of the right sort.

THERE are thirty-eight States in the confederation which call itself the United States of America. Twenty-three of these have Democratic Governors and fifteen have Republican Governors. Will some one be kind enough to size up the meaning of that?—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The people rule. Democracy is the party of the people. Democracy rules, and will continue to rule.

Seek Fortune's Embrace Ere it is too Late.

The 204th grand monthly drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery took place at New Orleans, on Tuesday (always Tuesday), May 10th, 1887. \$522,500 was sent to many worthy people. We will tell some: No. 15,766 drew the first prize; it was sold in fractional tenths at \$1 each, sent to M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La. One was sent to T. J. Lynch, a well known liquor dealer, S. E. cor. 11th and Locust Sts., Phila.; it was collected by the Third National Bank of Phila.; six tenths were sold to Californians, and were collected through Wells, Fargo & Co., of San Francisco, Cal.; one sold to A. Frunz, Deer Lick, Mason Co., W. Va., was collected through Metropolitan National Bank, Cincinnati, Ohio. No. 75,866 drew the second prize of \$50,000; it also was sold in tenths for \$1; two were paid through the Nat'l Commercial Bank of Mobile, Ala.; one through the Commercial Nat'l Bank of Nashville, Tenn.; one paid through Bank of Commerce, Louisville, Ky.; two to Frank Corcoran, Cairo, Ill., through the City Nat'l Bank of Cairo, Ill. No. 15,872 drew the third prize of \$20,000—it was also sold in tenths; one to Edwin Le Bars, of New York city, collected through Adams Express Co.; one to N. Crenshaw, of Everett, Kas.; one to C. J. Harman, paid through Corry National Bank of Corry, Pa.; one paid through Bank of California at San Francisco, Cal.; one paid to Nevada Bank of San Francisco, and the rest elsewhere. Nos. 45,649 and 51,955 drew the two fourth prizes of 10,000 each; sold to parties in Chicago, Ill.; San Francisco, Oakland and San Jose, Cal.; Keokuk, Iowa; Camille, Mo.; New Orleans, Boston, Washington, Pittsburg, Mt. Pleasant, Fla.; Gardun, Ark.; Union Star, Mo.; and elsewhere. So the wheel turns on forever, and on July 12th it will be repeated. Any one can learn full particulars by addressing M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La. Seek Fortune's embrace ere it is too late.

Wonderful Cures.

W. D. Hoyt & Co. Wholesale and Retail Druggists of Rome, Ga., says: "We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters and Bucklen's Arnica Salve for two years. Have never handled remedies that sell as well, or give such universal satisfaction. There have been some wonderful cures effected by these medicines in this city. Several cases of pronounced Consumption have been entirely cured by use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Electric Bitters. We guarantee them always. Sold by J. C. Pecor & Co."

The Verdict Unanimous.

W. D. Suit, Druggist, Bippus, Ind., testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles and was cured of rheumatism of ten years' standing." Abraham Hare, druggist, Bellville, Ohio, affirms: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my twenty years' experience is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have added their testimony, so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters do cure all diseases of the liver, kidneys or blood. Only half a dollar a bottle at J. C. Pecor & Co.'s and S. P. Campbell & Co.'s, Aberdeen, O."

Excitement in Texas.

Great excitement has been caused in the vicinity of Paris, Tex., by the remarkable recovery of Mr. J. E. Corley, who was so helpless he could not turn in bed, or raise his head; everybody said he was dying of consumption. A trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery was sent him. Finding relief, he bought a large bottle and a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills; by the time he had taken two boxes of pills and two bottles of the Discovery, he was well and had gained in flesh thirty-six pounds. Trial bottles of this great discovery for consumption free at J. C. Pecor & Co.'s and S. P. Campbell & Co.'s, Aberdeen, O."

SNEAKING AND CLEVER.

A BROOKLYN DETECTIVE TELLS HOW THIEVES OPERATE.

Ingenious Methods of Sneak Thieves in the City—Swindling Customs of Express Companies—The Room Hunter. Conscienceless Scoundrels—Poverty.

"I suppose that Brooklyn has some of the cleverest sneak thieves in the country," said a detective attached to one of the uptown stations, when he was asked about this form of crime. "The ingenuity and labor which some of them devote to their dishonest efforts would, if applied to respectable industry, make them rich. They are constantly devising something new or giving an old trick a new and unexpected application. A man has to be on the alert to keep up with these people. One day last week a lady who lives near here came in and complained that she had been robbed by a census taker. He had come in and taken down the names of all the members of the family. A moment after leaving he had returned and politely begged her to see if he had not left his notebook in the room. While she had gone to look he had coolly 'pinched' a gold headed cane and a beaver overcoat from the hat rack and marched off with them.

"Did you notice the arrest of two men in New York the other day for swindling the customers of express companies, by calling with the cards that are hung on store fronts and taking away the packages which are intended to be shipped? Some people thought that was a new kind of audacious robbery. But it isn't. There are three men in the Kings County penitentiary for playing just that same game in Brooklyn years ago. It is a stupid trick, because the victims quickly discover they have been robbed, and the express companies take hold of the matter and make short work of the thieves. Another variety of the same game is to call around with boxes purporting to have come by express and collect charges on them. It used to be very common during the holiday season, but we have broken it up of late years. Sometimes the thieves deliver what purport to be packages of expensive dry goods from well known firms on which small charges remain to be paid. Sometimes they delude some avaricious woman into thinking she can profit by the apparent mistake. Of course the package is found to be filled with hay or rags when it is examined.

AN OLD METHOD.

"A once familiar method of wholesale robbery here and in New York was to visit a house that had been closed by its occupants during the summer months, and making an entrance within, boldly proceed to carry off all the contents in broad daylight on a truck. It is not often heard of lately, because it takes a great deal of nerve and the chances of detection are very great. I understand that thieves in western cities have just learned the trick, and are making things very unpleasant for families that go out of town for the summer.

"A very common guise for the sneak thief to assume is that of the room hunter. He scans the newspapers for advertisements of rooms to rent in available quarters. Then he calls and inspects the premises. Every time the landlady's back is turned he picks up something of value. Sometimes he drops his glove or his handkerchief and then goes back to look for it and gathers in whatever he can. Or if he sees a good overcoat in the hall he will send the landlady back for the handkerchief while he disappears with the coat. It takes a well dressed and plausible tongued thief to do that trick.

"The telephone in the hands of an expert thief often becomes another innocent means for robbing unsuspecting people. You know in the drug and grocery stores in the outlying districts the telephone is usually placed by the proprietor's desk, where it will be nice and handy. The stranger who requests to use it asks for it so politely that it would be the height of discourtesy to refuse it. But look out for him when he comes in when you are all alone in the store. While he is having a hand to hand struggle with the intelligent artist at the central office, and you are waiting on a customer in the front of the store, he is quietly filling his pockets with whatever he can see about him.

THE MEANER CLASS.

"But as I was saying, these men that I have described are the aristocrats of the sneak thieves' profession. After them comes the hoi polloi. The scale runs down through the men who call to get furniture and silverware to repair and the men who take away umbrellas to fix up and never return them, the men who steal up the front steps and try the front door while the family is at supper, down to the man who has a stick with a hook in it and reaches over back yard fences and lifts clothes from the line. He is about the meanest, because he makes the most trouble for poor washer women, who cannot afford to replace the costly raiment of their patrons which he has stolen. He has cast doubts on the honesty of many a poor woman who wouldn't steal an old handkerchief to keep herself from starving.

"Somewhere near the bottom of the list I should put the conscienceless scoundrels who used to go around and beg money for alleged charitable institutions, but we have broken up their business of late years and that is woe worth. The men who used to do that I suppose are now stealing the papers from blind newsmen and women. They are mean enough to do anything.

"But with all their ingenuity and smartness they can't make enough money to keep out of poverty's grip. There isn't one of the clever thieves that couldn't tell you that there is no money in being dishonest. Sooner or later we are bound to get our clutches on them and then all their smartness in scaring women and robbing children seems very mean and pitiful when it is brought out in court and landladies in the penitentiary for three or four years."—Brooklyn Eagle.

FATHER OF CHEAP POSTAGE.

The Enterprise of Lysander Spooner, the Rowland Hill of America.

There died in Boston the other day a man to whom belonged more justly than to any one else the honorable title of the father of cheap postage in America. This was the veteran Lysander Spooner, who passed away at his home at the age of 70. In 1844, when the sending of an ordinary letter any distance was a serious tax, Mr. Spooner began an enterprise which was almost immediate and proved lasting in its results. He believed, while denying the right of leagues to monopolize the carrying of mails, that the business could be done more cheaply at a profit.

To prove his belief and test the power of

leagues he established a private mail from Boston to New York, afterward extending to Philadelphia and Baltimore, carrying letters at the uniform rate of five cents. The business grew rapidly, but the government officials soon overwhelmed him with prosecutions. Every letter he carried could be made the basis of a suit. He tried to get the attorneys of the department to let the question go to the last tribunal on one test case, waiving proceedings on the others for the time being, but this did not suit their purpose, which was to crush him with the weight of legal expenses, and thus sooner drive him from the field. This they succeeded in doing in the course of seven or eight months. He had not the means to defend the numerous cases piled up against him, and was compelled to surrender. Others, following his example, had established private mails, and they, too, were forced to retire.

But the moral victory was his. He had demonstrated that a low rate of postage would support the department, something of which the people but for his action at that time might not have been convinced for many years afterward. So well had he done his work that in the next year congress made the first reduction in postage rates, followed in 1851 and in subsequent years with still further reductions. Mr. Spooner was also a voluminous writer and an active abolitionist, and the publication of his work demonstrating the unconstitutionality of slavery marked an epoch in the anti-slavery agitation.—New York Times.

At a New York Table d'Hôte.

There are about forty persons present at 6:30 o'clock, and diners drop in and out until after 8. At the further end of the room are a couple of family parties, the ladies without their bonnets and with their children. These are evidently residents or lodgers at the hotel. Four other tables are occupied by young fellows who think it a great thing to dine at the Brunswick, are impressed by the elegant surroundings and overawed by the portly French waiters. You notice at several tables the same sort of couples—an elderly gentleman and a very young lady. These are fathers, or uncles, or guardians, perhaps, who know too much of the world to waste an expensive dinner upon a lady and yet like to take their wards to a first rate place. The rest of the company are easily assorted into parties who are going to the theatre and parties who have arrived from the races.

Before the first dishes are served a boy passes around the room and offers a basket of boutonnières to every diner. There are sweet pinks for the gentlemen and white rosebuds for the ladies. To those who hesitate to help themselves the head waiter politely explains that there is nothing to pay; the flowers are a little compliment to the guests. This head waiter is a character. He is supposed to know everybody. As he hands you the bill of fare you ask him:

"Is there anybody here to-day, Gustav?" He is a picture as he looks shrewdly from table to table, sighs gently, as if the whole company had been weighed in the balance and found wanting, and solemnly replies:

"Nobody, sir."

He means nobody worth mentioning—nobody whom he ought to know—and equally, of course, his diplomatic smile and glance assure you that you are excepted from this sweeping condemnation.—Stephen Fiske in New York World.

The Coffee Market Failures.

NEW YORK, June 15.—The liabilities of E. G. Arnid & Co., a big coffee firm which failed yesterday, is estimated at from \$250,000 to \$1,000,000. They will pull through. The coffee exchange has closed for three days and are waiting to hear from Rio and Havre, the latter place having started the break. I is probable the market will be built up again by reducing the shipment from South America.

Stables Burned.

ST. LOUIS, June 15.—The Lafayette Brewing company's stables burned at 1 a. m. Several horses were burned. Loss \$15,000. Ten minutes later another fire gutted the Mount City Street Car company's stables, corner of Glasgow and Jefferson avenues. The stables were completely destroyed. Over three hundred mules and other property were destroyed.

Child Burned to Death.

WINCHESTER, O., June 15.—Near Rarden, twenty miles east of here, late last evening the eight-year-old child of Stewart Rollins attempted to start a fire with coal oil. The oil in the can ignited, the child's clothes took fire, and in a moment she was enveloped in flames. Her clothes were burned off and her lower limbs were burned almost to a crisp. She died this morning.

Fatal Fall From a Window.

LOUISVILLE, June 15.—At an early hour yesterday morning Mr. A. Glazebrook was awakened by a noise in the bedroom of his wife, which adjoined his own, in their residence on Von Borries avenue, this city. Upon entering he found the room unoccupied and going to the window, which was open, he saw a prostrated form on the ground below. Investigation proved this to be his wife, who expired shortly after being carried into the house. It is thought she walked out of the window in her sleep, or it may be she lost her balance while opening the window.

He Upset the House.

CHICAGO, June 15.—Mike Calahan went to make a call at a house in what is known as "Rotten Row." The house was undergoing some repairs, and was jacked up several feet. During the evening Mike was thrown out, and for revenge he proceeded to jack up one corner so high that the house upset. The whole building went bodily over on its roof, the chimney sticking in the mud, while the terrified occupants came clambering out through the cellar door, which was then where the roof hatch ought to be.

Found Guilty of Murder.

MT. HOLLY, N. J., June 15.—Barclay Peak has been found guilty of the murder of his cousin, Katie Anderson, who was found in the road with a bullet in her brain one morning after having been in Peak's company the evening before, when a quarrel had taken place. During intervals of semi-consciousness before death ensued, the girl said repeatedly that Peak shot her. The defense relied mainly upon the fact that the girl had threatened to kill herself. Sentence was deferred.

Still Lacks One Man.

NEW YORK, June 15.—The day in the Sharp bribery trial was consumed in the attempt to get a jury. Only one man was accepted and when court adjourned one seat was still vacant. Mr. Sharp was not taken to the toms as was anticipated, but was allowed to go home. It is now pretty generally believed that Moloney will not testify in the Sharp trial.

Shackelford's Pharmacy.
Most attractive store in town—in "Cox Building." Fine old wines and liquors for medical purposes. Pure drugs, Toilet articles in great variety.

WANTED.

WANTED—Teachers for the public and subscription schools at Minerva, Ky. Apply to Trustees of Minerva Seminary. J140tf

NOTICE—We wish to announce that we have moved our shop. Any orders left at J. James Wood's drug store will receive prompt attention. W. H. RYDER & BRO., Painters. J140tf

WANTED—A small fire-proof safe. Apply to this office. J140tf

WANTED—A good stout boy to learn the baker's trade. Apply at JACOB LYNN'S. J140tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—House and lot twostory frame, corner Second and Pike streets, Aberdeen. Store room on same. For terms apply to MRS. E. MIDGEHALL, Aberdeen, Ohio. J140tf

FOR SALE—The property known as "The Arcade." At public auction, Saturday June 18th, at 3 o'clock p. m. Contains seven or eight rooms and attic. Fronts on Front street, and has an entrance also from Market. Terms: six, twelve and eighteen months, with interest. Good security required. J140tf JOHN RYAN.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—The property on the corner of Limestone and Third Streets, lately occupied by Mrs. Case as a dwelling and boarding-house, containing ten rooms, kitchen, wash-house, waterworks, &c. Apply to W. J. Hickey, Third street. J15

FOR RENT—Room on Second street, suitable for office and sleeping-room. Centrally located. Apply at this office. J141w

FOR RENT—Residence containing seven rooms and kitchen, in good repair, on Second street, west of Short. Apply to FRED SCHATZMAN. J141w

FOR RENT—Cottage on Boone street. Five rooms. Water in house. Apply to C. E. BROSE. J141w

FOR RENT—A two-story brick residence on Vine street containing seven rooms. Apply to R. F. MEANS. J141w

LOST.

LOST—Monday, June 13th, in Maysville, a watch chain with charm—cigar-cutler attached. Return to this office. J143t

The BOOM
—IS ON AT—
HILL'S

1 dozen quart Mason Jars.....\$1 20
1 dozen pint Mason Jars.....1 00
1 dozen Glass Sealing Jars.....50
20 pounds Brown Sugar.....1 00
1 pound good, Roasted Coffee.....20
25 pounds good Flour.....50
*All other goods sold in proportion.

NORTHEASTERN

KENTUCKY: TELEPHONE COMPANY

Has connection with the following places:

Maysville, Helena, Mt. Olivet, Mayslick, Sardis.

Office in Maysville—W. W. Holton's Dry Goods Store, No. 9 East Second street.

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 SHOE.
The only \$3 SEAMLESS Shoe in the world.
Finest Calf, perfect fit, and warranted. Congress, Button and Lace, all styles too. As stylish and durable as shoes costing \$5 or \$6.
W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 SHOES exceeds the \$3 Shoes advertised by other firms.
Boys all wear the W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE. If your dealer does not keep them, send your name on postal to W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.
For sale by A. M. ROGERS, 41 Second Street.

BETTER THAN
Whalebone or Horn

Patented Feb. 8, 1885.
Guaranteed NEVER to break.
MAYE, STROUSE & CO., 419 B'way, N. Y., Manufacturers.
FOR SALE BY
Bamberger, Bloom & Co.
LOUISVILLE, KY.

All people of Dyspeptic ways should learn to lengthen out their days. When indigestion makes a call, Or Constipation, worse than all, Make life a burden, bear in mind, In Tarrant's Seltzer health you'll find.

Dissolution Notice.
By mutual consent the firm of Wadsworth & Bro., Attorneys at Law, in this day dissolved. J. G. WADSWORTH, A. A. WADSWORTH, J. G. WADSWORTH.
June 11, 1887. J16

CARPETS!

>WE HAVE<

MARKED DOWN

our stock of Carpets to close out the entire lot. Every Carpet purchased from us will be a bargain. Special drives in

Floor Oil Cloths,
Window Shades
Lace Curtains,
Scrim Nets.

A good Window Shade, with fixtures complete, at 32 and 50c. each.

J. W. SPARKS & BRO.,

THE LOWEST PRICED HOUSE IN TOWN!

>PURE<

DISTILLED WATER

—ICE—

MAYSVILLE

Artificial ICE Company.

Orders left at Factory or with Wagons will receive prompt attention.

AT RUGGLES' CAMP GROUNDS,

FRIDAY, JUNE 24,

10 a. m., Hotel, Confectionery, Stable, Baggage Room and Conveyance Privileges will be let to the highest and best bidder, the Board reserving the right to reject any or all bids. A good meeting is in anticipation, which will continue over two Sabbaths. The services of Rev. A. B. Leonard have been secured, and we think we will have Dr. Joyce with us also. New cottages are being built. Any one desiring to rent same will please write ISAAC M. LANE, Maysville, Ky.
Rev. C. J. Howes, P. E. will have charge of the meeting. J16

MALTBY, BENTLEY & CO.,
19 Market Street.

CROCERS.

Call and see us if you want cheap Groceries.
Good Brooms, 10c.; Good Washboards, 10c.; No. 1 and 2 Tubs, 40 and 50c.

Seven bars of fine Laundry Soap for 25 cents. Fine Teas at 40, 50, 60 and 70c.; Prime Coffee at less than Eastern cost; Sugar at less than value. Goods must be sold in thirty days.
MALTBY, BENTLEY & CO.

MISS CLARKE,
Fashionable Dressmaker,

Second street, next door to Kackley's photograph gallery; entrance through Charles H. White's residence. Dresses cut and fit to order. Prices reasonable and work promptly done. J19 1m

INSTALLMENT DEALERS will find just what they need—A full line of installment goods sold only to the installment trade by addressing Installment Dealers Supply Co., Erie, Pa. J19 1m

and full weights given in all cases. Everybody to give me a call and **SAVE MONEY.**
☛ I will pay the highest market price for Butter, Eggs, Vegetables, &c., either in cash or trade. Don't fail to call.
1st-3rd G. A. McCARTHEY, &c.

A CRITICAL SITUATION.

THE THREATENING STATE OF AFFAIRS IN AFGHANISTAN.

The Fate of the Ameer Depending on the Battle Which Will Begin on June 23. The London Press Annotated—Farnell and the Pope—Other Foreign News.

LONDON, June 15.—The fate of the ameer of Afghanistan is now wholly dependent upon the success of his forces in their coming battle with the Ghilzais, confronting them, which will be precipitated immediately after the expiration of the Mohammedan feast of the Ramadan, devoutly observed by the Indians and Afghans, and which will expire on June 23.

The Tarakhi clan, one of the most powerful aggregations of small Afghan tribes loyal to the ameer, had collected in the Nava Valley, awaiting the termination of the Ramadan, when they would join the ameer's army and assist them, but the Ghilzais have cut off all communication between the Nava Valley and the main army of the ameer by seizing the only two passes affording means of communication, and Shere Jan, the commander of the Tarakhis, is likely to have as much as he can do to get out of his self-made trap in any direction and leave the ameer to take care of himself.

The ameer's popularity has disappeared, and if he does not succeed in quelling the rebellion against his authority at his next battle with the insurgents he must fall. His defeat or death at this time would be of enormous advantage to the British, since it would furnish a pretext for British occupation of the whole of Afghanistan and the preparations of the Indian government for availing itself of the benefit arising from either contingency are already complete. The work of fortifying certain important positions along the route to Candahar is complete, and the railways through Khajok and Gwajja passes are in condition as to roadbed and equipment to transport 100,000 troops upon the shortest notice.

Russia's intrigues with the governor of Badakshan have resulted in the purchase by Russian agents of the entire grain crop of that province, and the announcement of the transaction has aroused the London press to a tirade against Russian movements and Russian methods on the frontier, and an urgent appeal to the government to demand of the government at St. Petersburg the immediate withdrawal of its soldiers within the boundaries of its own territory. The occupation of Kerki is denounced as a warlike menace, and the appointment of the pretender, Iskander Khan, as governor of Peshawar, the making of that place a Russian advance post and the establishment of a hostile garrison opposite the Ameer's position on the Oxus river at Khoja Saleh, are characterized as acts tantamount to a declaration of war against England, and the foreign office is asked what action it intends to take to uphold British honor and maintain British integrity.

Depopulating Ireland.

LONDON, June 15.—Mr. Chamberlain and Mr. Goschen are preparing a wholesale land purchase bill, to be introduced at the end of the present session of parliament. The bill is the product of an Irish lord justice's brain and is on several lines—migration, emigration, consolidation and land purchase—and the credit of the British taxpayer is to be pledged only as a matter of form. The population is to be transported from the congested districts to some of the reclaimable waste land of Ireland, or else sent to the colonies and their small holdings consolidated. The landowners are to be bought out on a generous scale of purchase. The Unionists base great calculations upon the virtues of this nostrum, and it is they who are mainly instrumental in egging on the Irish landlords to carry out evictions.

The Pope and Farnell.

LONDON, June 15.—The Time, Rome, correspondent, in a dispatch to that paper, says that the pope is not in sympathy with the Parnellites campaign, but the official opinion of the church in regard to the matter is not given as yet, because of the energetic pressure of a majority of the Irish bishops to hold the normal conservative tendencies of the Vatican in check. The correspondent further states that nothing definite can be learned with regard to the reports of a reconciliation between England and the Vatican and the proposed establishment of diplomatic relations.

Trying to Rob Columbus.

LONDON, June 15.—Documents are displayed in the Norse department of the American exhibition with the object of showing that the continent of America was discovered in 985 by an Icelandic named Leif Erikson. A collection of maps lent by the Royal Geographical society show the route said to have been taken and the parts of America explored and named by the Icelanders.

The Queen's Dublin Representative.

LONDON, June 15.—Prince Albert Victor, eldest son of the Prince of Wales who has been selected to represent the Queen at Dublin on the occasion of her jubilee festival, will go to Ireland on the 27th of June. It is stated that the order of St. Patrick will be conferred on him at the Thanksgiving services held in St. Patrick's cathedral, Dublin, on the 28th.

Signed By the Queen.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 15.—Sir Henry Drummond Wolff, British high commissioner in connection with Egyptian affairs, has notified the porte that Queen Victoria has appended her signature to the Anglo-Turkish convention concerning Egypt and that her majesty awaits the issue of the sultan's order announcing the convention in force.

Bloody Work of Moonlighters.

DUBLIN, June 15.—A farm servant named Hurley was shot and killed last night by moonlighters near Tralee, County Kerry. Eleven bullets pierced his body. Hurley had been in the employ of a widow named Burke, whose husband was recently found dead under a hay mow on the farm under circumstances which aroused suspicion.

The London Commons.

LONDON, June 15.—The house of commons last night resumed debate on the coercion bill, taking up the fifth clause, which deals with the proclaiming of a district. Several amendments were adopted and a few rejected, none being of vital importance.

A Gain for Russia.

BERLIN, June 15.—M. Ristic, the new Premier for Serbia, is a man of strong pro-Russian sympathies. His elevation is considered a check to Austria and a gain for Russia in the Balkans.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Topics of the Times Given in a terse and spicy manner.

Kaiser Wilhelm's health has improved. Two new cases of yellow fever at Key West.

New York's hop crop is only one-third an average.

Rice fields in the gulf states are flooded with salt water.

The carpenters of Toronto, Canada, are on strike for an advance.

Ex-Secretary Manning has taken charge of his New York bank.

J. T. Cole, president of Southern Female college, Atlanta, is dead.

Canadian legislature refuses to repeal local option in favor of prohibition.

Sixteen persons, an entire family, were killed by a land slide in Panama.

Ed Likely, Lincoln, Neb., killed by a baseball which fouled off his own bat.

Hostile Apaches are cornered by the troops. All their stock was captured.

Barclay Peake will hang at Mount Holly, N. J., for killing Mary Anderson, his cousin.

Wisconsin anti-Prohibitionists are bestirring themselves against sumptuary legislation.

Warden Hamilton, who killed Editor Gambrell at Jackson, Miss., has been refused bail.

Fritz Wyman is in jail at Etnaborough, Pa., for fatally shooting Anna Valentine, Robbery.

Two men killed and three injured by a dynamite explosion in a stone quarry near Reading, Pa.

State Senator Fred. Fish, New Jersey, will marry Grace A. Studebaker at South Bend, Ind., Thursday.

Hall & Ordway, operating the only shoe shop in the south, at Nashville, failed. Liabilities \$200,000.

Rev. George Pittard, Reidsville, N. C., stamped a boy to death because he hit him with a ball. He fled.

Oregon, Ill., will be bankrupted by Harriet Allyn, a Connecticut millionaire, who sues for \$75,000 unpaid bonds.

Gustav Miller is in jail at Ottawa, Ill., suspected of murdering Frances Kasha, aged ten, whose body was found in a well.

Mike Callahan, a Chicago hoodlum, was ejected from a friend's house, and in revenge took a jackcrew and upset the house.

At the Inman mine, thirty miles west of Chattanooga, Tenn., an explosion of dynamite killed five miners and wounded ten more.

The advance of twelve and a half cents granted the 13,000 coke miners in Pennsylvania may be negated by the action of the blast furnace men, who refuse to pay the increased price for coke.

A lot of relics of Eugene Aram, including one of his ribs and part of his victims skull, were bought at a recent sale of curiosities in England for Henry Irving, whose "Aram," under Bateman's management, first made his fame.

Frank McCarty, of Wheeling, was arrested at Philadelphia for bigamy. McCarty married Ella Vance, also of Wheeling, at Bridgeport, O. At Philadelphia the couple met a woman claiming to be Mrs. McCarty No. 1. Frank says it is blackmail.

BASE BALL.—Cincinnati 13, Mets 6; Baltimore 7, Cleveland 4; Pittsburgh 5, Detroit 3; Athletics 10, St. Louis 9; Brooklyn 11, Louisville 5; Chicago 9, Indianapolis 4; Boston 5, Washington 4; Philadelphia 5, New York 4; Mansfield 8, Wheeling 1; Akron 13, Zanesville 6.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Indications—Northeasterly winds, nearly stationary temperature, fair weather.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations of the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Market for June 14.

New York—Money 5/8 per cent. Exchange steady. Government firm.

Currency rates, 12 1/2 bid; four coupons 129 1/2; four-and-a-half, 109 1/2 bid. The stock market opened 3/4 a 1/4 per cent. lower this morning, but after the first few transactions became firmer on some support by the bull cliques and buying to cover. By 11 o'clock the early decline had been fully recovered, but about that time combined raids on New York & New England, Wheeling & Lake Erie, West Point, Pacific Mail and New York Central caused prices to break sharply. At midday prices were down 3/4 to 3/8 per cent. Since 12 o'clock there has been a slight recovery.

Bur. & Quincy... 145 Mich. Central... 22 Canadian Pacific... 61 Missouri Pacific... 106 1/2 Canadian Southern... 61 N. Y. Central... 118 Central Pacific... 88 1/2 Northwestern... 105 C. C. & I... 62 1/2 Northern Pacific... 81 1/2 Del. & Hudson... 109 1/2 do preferred... 59 1/2 Del. Lack. & W... 128 1/2 Ohio & Miss... 83 Denver & R. O. G... 82 Pacific Mail... 53 Erie... 83 1/2 Reading... 59 1/2 Illinois Central... 126 Rock Island... 124 Jersey Central... 79 1/2 St. Paul... 90 1/2 Kansas & Tex... 18 1/2 do preferred... 128 1/2 Lake Shore... 87 1/2 Union Pacific... 87 Louisville & Nash... 65 1/2 Western Union... 77

Cincinnati.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 80¢; No. 2, 78¢; No. 3, 76¢; No. 4, 74¢; No. 5, 72¢; No. 6, 70¢; No. 7, 68¢; No. 8, 66¢; No. 9, 64¢; No. 10, 62¢; No. 11, 60¢; No. 12, 58¢; No. 13, 56¢; No. 14, 54¢; No. 15, 52¢; No. 16, 50¢; No. 17, 48¢; No. 18, 46¢; No. 19, 44¢; No. 20, 42¢; No. 21, 40¢; No. 22, 38¢; No. 23, 36¢; No. 24, 34¢; No. 25, 32¢; No. 26, 30¢; No. 27, 28¢; No. 28, 26¢; No. 29, 24¢; No. 30, 22¢; No. 31, 20¢; No. 32, 18¢; No. 33, 16¢; No. 34, 14¢; No. 35, 12¢; No. 36, 10¢; No. 37, 8¢; No. 38, 6¢; No. 39, 4¢; No. 40, 2¢; No. 41, 0¢; No. 42, 0¢; No. 43, 0¢; No. 44, 0¢; No. 45, 0¢; No. 46, 0¢; No. 47, 0¢; No. 48, 0¢; No. 49, 0¢; No. 50, 0¢; No. 51, 0¢; No. 52, 0¢; No. 53, 0¢; No. 54, 0¢; No. 55, 0¢; No. 56, 0¢; No. 57, 0¢; No. 58, 0¢; No. 59, 0¢; No. 60, 0¢; No. 61, 0¢; No. 62, 0¢; No. 63, 0¢; No. 64, 0¢; No. 65, 0¢; No. 66, 0¢; No. 67, 0¢; No. 68, 0¢; No. 69, 0¢; No. 70, 0¢; No. 71, 0¢; No. 72, 0¢; No. 73, 0¢; No. 74, 0¢; No. 75, 0¢; No. 76, 0¢; No. 77, 0¢; No. 78, 0¢; No. 79, 0¢; No. 80, 0¢; No. 81, 0¢; No. 82, 0¢; No. 83, 0¢; No. 84, 0¢; No. 85, 0¢; No. 86, 0¢; No. 87, 0¢; No. 88, 0¢; No. 89, 0¢; No. 90, 0¢; No. 91, 0¢; No. 92, 0¢; No. 93, 0¢; No. 94, 0¢; No. 95, 0¢; No. 96, 0¢; No. 97, 0¢; No. 98, 0¢; No. 99, 0¢; No. 100, 0¢; No. 101, 0¢; No. 102, 0¢; No. 103, 0¢; No. 104, 0¢; No. 105, 0¢; No. 106, 0¢; No. 107, 0¢; No. 108, 0¢; No. 109, 0¢; No. 110, 0¢; No. 111, 0¢; No. 112, 0¢; No. 113, 0¢; No. 114, 0¢; No. 115, 0¢; No. 116, 0¢; No. 117, 0¢; No. 118, 0¢; No. 119, 0¢; No. 120, 0¢; No. 121, 0¢; No. 122, 0¢; No. 123, 0¢; No. 124, 0¢; No. 125, 0¢; No. 126, 0¢; No. 127, 0¢; No. 128, 0¢; No. 129, 0¢; No. 130, 0¢; No. 131, 0¢; No. 132, 0¢; No. 133, 0¢; No. 134, 0¢; No. 135, 0¢; No. 136, 0¢; No. 137, 0¢; No. 138, 0¢; No. 139, 0¢; No. 140, 0¢; No. 141, 0¢; No. 142, 0¢; No. 143, 0¢; No. 144, 0¢; No. 145, 0¢; No. 146, 0¢; No. 147, 0¢; No. 148, 0¢; No. 149, 0¢; No. 150, 0¢; No. 151, 0¢; No. 152, 0¢; No. 153, 0¢; No. 154, 0¢; No. 155, 0¢; No. 156, 0¢; No. 157, 0¢; No. 158, 0¢; No. 159, 0¢; No. 160, 0¢; No. 161, 0¢; No. 162, 0¢; No. 163, 0¢; No. 164, 0¢; No. 165, 0¢; No. 166, 0¢; No. 167, 0¢; No. 168, 0¢; No. 169, 0¢; No. 170, 0¢; No. 171, 0¢; No. 172, 0¢; No. 173, 0¢; No. 174, 0¢; No. 175, 0¢; No. 176, 0¢; No. 177, 0¢; No. 178, 0¢; No. 179, 0¢; No. 180, 0¢; No. 181, 0¢; No. 182, 0¢; No. 183, 0¢; No. 184, 0¢; No. 185, 0¢; No. 186, 0¢; No. 187, 0¢; No. 188, 0¢; No. 189, 0¢; No. 190, 0¢; No. 191, 0¢; No. 192, 0¢; No. 193, 0¢; No. 194, 0¢; No. 195, 0¢; No. 196, 0¢; No. 197, 0¢; No. 198, 0¢; No. 199, 0¢; No. 200, 0¢; No. 201, 0¢; No. 202, 0¢; No. 203, 0¢; No. 204, 0¢; No. 205, 0¢; No. 206, 0¢; No. 207, 0¢; No. 208, 0¢; No. 209, 0¢; No. 210, 0¢; No. 211, 0¢; No. 212, 0¢; No. 213, 0¢; No. 214, 0¢; No. 215, 0¢; No. 216, 0¢; No. 217, 0¢; No. 218, 0¢; No. 219, 0¢; No. 220, 0¢; No. 221, 0¢; No. 222, 0¢; No. 223, 0¢; No. 224, 0¢; No. 225, 0¢; No. 226, 0¢; No. 227, 0¢; No. 228, 0¢; No. 229, 0¢; No. 230, 0¢; No. 231, 0¢; No. 232, 0¢; No. 233, 0¢; No. 234, 0¢; No. 235, 0¢; No. 236, 0¢; No. 237, 0¢; No. 238, 0¢; No. 239, 0¢; No. 240, 0¢; No. 241, 0¢; No. 242, 0¢; No. 243, 0¢; No. 244, 0¢; No. 245, 0¢; No. 246, 0¢; No. 247, 0¢; No. 248, 0¢; No. 249, 0¢; No. 250, 0¢; No. 251, 0¢; No. 252, 0¢; No. 253, 0¢; No. 254, 0¢; No. 255, 0¢; No. 256, 0¢; No. 257, 0¢; No. 258, 0¢; No. 259, 0¢; No. 260, 0¢; No. 261, 0¢; No. 262, 0¢; No. 263, 0¢; No. 264, 0¢; No. 265, 0¢; No. 266, 0¢; No. 267, 0¢; No. 268, 0¢; No. 269, 0¢; No. 270, 0¢; No. 271, 0¢; No. 272, 0¢; No. 273, 0¢; No. 274, 0¢; No. 275, 0¢; No. 276, 0¢; No. 277, 0¢; No. 278, 0¢; No. 279, 0¢; No. 280, 0¢; No. 281, 0¢; No. 282, 0¢; No. 283, 0¢; No. 284, 0¢; No. 285, 0¢; No. 286, 0¢; No. 287, 0¢; No. 288, 0¢; No. 289, 0¢; No. 290, 0¢; No. 291, 0¢; No. 292, 0¢; No. 293, 0¢; No. 294, 0¢; No. 295, 0¢; No. 296, 0¢; No. 297, 0¢; No. 298, 0¢; No. 299, 0¢; No. 300, 0¢; No. 301, 0¢; No. 302, 0¢; No. 303, 0¢; No. 304, 0¢; No. 305, 0¢; No. 306, 0¢; No. 307, 0¢; No. 308, 0¢; No. 309, 0¢; No. 310, 0¢; No. 311, 0¢; No. 312, 0¢; No. 313, 0¢; No. 314, 0¢; No. 315, 0¢; No. 316, 0¢; No. 317, 0¢; No. 318, 0¢; No. 319, 0¢; No. 320, 0¢; No. 321, 0¢; No. 322, 0¢; No. 323, 0¢; No. 324, 0¢; No. 325, 0¢; No. 326, 0¢; No. 327, 0¢; No. 328, 0¢; No. 329, 0¢; No. 330, 0¢; No. 331, 0¢; No. 332, 0¢; No. 333, 0¢; No. 334, 0¢; No. 335, 0¢; No. 336, 0¢; No. 337, 0¢; No. 338, 0¢; No. 339, 0¢; No. 340, 0¢; No. 341, 0¢; No. 342, 0¢; No. 343, 0¢; No. 344, 0¢; No. 345, 0¢; No. 346, 0¢; No. 347, 0¢; No. 348, 0¢; No. 349, 0¢; No. 350, 0¢; No. 351, 0¢; No. 352, 0¢; No. 353, 0¢; No. 354, 0¢; No. 355, 0¢; No. 356, 0¢; No. 357, 0¢; No. 358, 0¢; No. 359, 0¢; No. 360, 0¢; No. 361, 0¢; No. 362, 0¢; No. 363, 0¢; No. 364, 0¢; No. 365, 0¢; No. 366, 0¢; No. 367, 0¢; No. 368, 0¢; No. 369, 0¢; No. 370, 0¢; No. 371, 0¢; No. 372, 0¢; No. 373, 0¢; No. 374, 0¢; No. 375, 0¢; No. 376, 0¢; No. 377, 0¢; No. 378, 0¢; No. 379, 0¢; No. 380, 0¢; No. 381, 0¢; No. 382, 0¢; No. 383, 0¢; No. 384, 0¢; No. 385, 0¢; No. 386, 0¢; No. 387, 0¢; No. 388, 0¢; No. 389, 0¢; No. 390, 0¢; No. 391, 0¢; No. 392, 0¢; No. 393, 0¢; No. 394, 0¢; No. 395, 0¢; No. 396, 0¢; No. 397, 0¢; No. 398, 0¢; No. 399, 0¢; No. 400, 0¢; No. 401, 0¢; No. 402, 0¢; No. 403, 0¢; No. 404, 0¢; No. 405, 0¢; No. 406, 0¢; No. 407, 0¢; No. 408, 0¢; No. 409, 0¢; No. 410, 0¢; No. 411, 0¢; No. 412, 0¢; No. 413, 0¢; No. 414, 0¢; No. 415, 0¢; No. 416, 0¢; No. 417, 0¢; No. 418, 0¢; No. 419, 0¢; No. 420, 0¢; No. 421, 0¢; No. 422, 0¢; No. 423, 0¢; No. 424, 0¢; No. 425, 0¢; No. 426, 0¢; No. 427, 0¢; No. 428, 0¢; No. 429, 0¢; No. 430, 0¢; No. 431, 0¢; No. 432, 0¢; No. 433, 0¢; No. 434, 0¢; No. 435, 0¢; No. 436, 0¢; No. 437, 0¢; No. 438, 0¢; No. 439, 0¢; No. 440, 0¢; No. 441, 0¢; No. 442, 0¢; No. 443, 0¢; No. 444, 0¢; No. 445, 0¢; No. 446, 0¢; No. 447, 0¢; No. 448, 0¢; No. 449, 0¢; No. 450, 0¢; No. 451, 0¢; No. 452, 0¢; No. 453, 0¢; No. 454, 0¢; No. 455, 0¢; No. 456, 0¢; No. 457, 0¢; No. 458, 0¢; No. 459, 0¢; No. 460, 0¢; No. 461, 0¢; No. 462, 0¢; No. 463, 0¢; No. 464, 0¢; No. 465, 0¢; No. 466, 0¢; No. 467, 0¢; No. 468, 0¢; No. 469, 0¢; No. 470, 0¢; No. 471, 0¢; No. 472, 0¢; No. 473, 0¢; No. 474, 0¢; No. 475, 0¢; No. 476, 0¢; No. 477, 0¢; No. 478, 0¢; No. 479, 0¢; No. 480, 0¢; No. 481, 0¢; No. 482, 0¢; No. 483, 0¢; No. 484, 0¢; No. 485, 0¢; No. 486, 0¢; No. 487, 0¢; No. 488, 0¢; No. 489, 0¢; No. 490, 0¢; No. 491, 0¢; No. 492, 0¢; No. 493, 0¢; No. 494, 0¢; No. 495, 0¢; No. 496, 0¢; No. 497, 0¢; No. 498, 0¢; No. 499, 0¢; No. 500, 0¢; No. 501, 0¢; No. 502, 0¢; No. 503, 0¢; No. 504, 0¢; No. 505, 0¢; No. 506, 0¢; No. 507, 0¢; No. 508, 0¢; No. 509, 0¢; No. 510, 0¢; No. 511, 0¢; No. 512, 0¢; No. 513, 0¢; No. 514, 0¢; No. 515, 0¢; No. 516, 0¢; No. 517, 0¢; No. 518, 0¢; No. 519, 0¢; No. 520, 0¢; No. 521, 0¢; No. 522, 0¢; No. 523, 0¢; No. 524, 0¢; No. 525, 0¢; No. 526, 0¢; No. 527, 0¢; No. 528, 0¢; No. 529, 0¢; No. 530, 0¢; No. 531, 0¢; No. 532, 0¢; No. 533, 0¢; No. 534, 0¢; No. 535, 0¢; No. 536, 0¢; No. 537, 0¢; No. 538, 0¢; No. 539, 0¢; No. 540, 0¢; No. 541, 0¢; No. 542, 0¢; No. 543, 0¢; No. 544, 0¢; No. 545, 0¢; No. 546, 0¢; No. 547, 0¢; No. 548, 0¢; No. 549, 0¢; No. 550, 0¢; No. 551, 0¢; No. 552, 0¢; No. 553, 0¢; No. 554, 0¢; No. 555, 0¢; No. 556, 0¢; No. 557, 0¢; No. 558, 0¢; No. 559, 0¢; No. 560, 0¢; No. 561, 0¢; No. 562, 0¢; No. 563, 0¢; No. 564, 0¢; No. 565, 0¢; No. 566, 0¢; No. 567, 0¢; No. 568, 0¢; No. 569, 0¢; No. 570, 0¢; No. 571, 0¢; No. 572, 0¢; No. 573, 0¢; No. 574, 0¢; No. 575, 0¢; No. 576, 0¢; No. 577, 0¢; No. 578, 0¢; No. 579, 0¢; No. 580, 0¢; No. 581, 0¢; No. 582, 0¢; No. 583, 0¢; No. 584, 0¢; No. 585, 0¢; No. 586, 0¢; No. 587, 0¢; No. 588, 0¢; No. 589, 0¢; No. 590, 0¢; No. 591, 0¢; No. 592, 0¢; No. 593, 0¢; No. 594, 0¢; No. 595, 0¢; No. 596, 0¢; No. 597, 0¢; No. 598, 0¢; No. 599, 0¢; No. 600, 0¢; No. 601, 0¢; No. 602, 0¢; No. 603, 0¢; No. 604, 0¢; No. 605, 0¢; No. 606, 0¢; No. 607, 0¢; No. 608, 0¢; No. 609, 0¢; No. 610, 0¢; No. 611, 0¢; No. 612, 0¢; No. 613, 0¢; No. 614, 0¢; No. 615, 0¢; No. 616, 0¢; No. 617, 0¢; No. 618, 0¢; No. 619, 0¢; No. 620, 0¢; No. 621, 0¢; No. 622, 0¢; No. 623, 0¢; No. 624, 0¢; No. 625, 0¢; No. 626, 0¢; No. 627, 0¢; No. 628, 0¢; No. 629, 0¢; No. 630, 0¢; No. 631, 0¢; No. 632, 0¢; No. 633, 0¢; No. 634, 0¢; No. 635, 0¢; No. 636, 0¢; No. 637, 0¢; No. 638, 0¢; No. 639, 0¢; No. 640, 0¢; No. 641, 0¢; No. 642, 0¢; No. 643, 0¢; No. 644, 0¢; No. 645, 0¢; No. 646, 0¢; No. 647, 0¢; No. 648, 0¢; No. 649, 0¢; No. 650, 0¢; No. 651, 0¢; No. 652, 0¢; No. 653, 0¢; No. 654, 0¢; No. 655, 0¢; No. 656, 0¢; No. 657, 0¢; No. 658, 0¢; No. 659, 0¢; No. 660, 0¢; No. 661, 0¢; No. 662, 0¢; No. 663, 0¢; No. 664, 0¢; No. 665, 0¢; No. 666, 0¢; No. 667, 0¢; No. 668, 0¢; No. 669, 0¢; No. 670, 0¢; No. 671, 0¢; No. 672, 0¢; No. 673, 0¢; No. 674, 0¢; No. 675, 0¢; No. 676, 0¢; No. 677, 0¢; No. 678, 0¢; No. 679, 0¢; No. 680, 0¢; No. 681, 0¢; No. 682, 0¢; No. 683, 0¢; No. 684, 0¢; No. 685, 0¢; No. 686, 0¢; No. 687, 0¢; No. 688, 0¢; No. 689, 0¢; No. 690, 0¢; No. 691, 0¢; No. 692, 0¢; No. 693, 0¢; No. 694, 0¢; No. 695, 0¢; No. 696, 0¢; No. 697, 0¢; No. 698, 0¢; No. 699, 0¢; No. 700, 0¢; No. 701, 0¢; No. 702, 0¢; No. 703, 0¢; No. 704, 0¢; No. 705, 0¢; No. 706, 0¢; No. 707, 0¢; No. 708, 0¢; No. 709, 0¢; No. 710, 0¢; No. 711, 0¢; No. 712, 0¢; No. 713, 0¢; No. 714, 0¢; No. 715, 0¢; No. 716, 0¢; No. 717, 0¢; No. 718, 0¢; No. 719, 0¢; No. 720, 0¢; No. 721, 0¢; No. 722, 0¢; No. 723, 0¢; No. 724, 0¢; No. 72